Abstract

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Method for automated measurement of the ohmic rotor resistance $(R_{\rm r})$ of an asynchronous machine (1) controlled via an inverter (8) while being acted upon by a nonrotating field, the method involving

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a. measuring the ohmic stator resistance (R_s) , the leakage inductances $(L_{\sigma s},\ L_{\sigma r})$ and the main inductance (L_m) of the asynchronous machine,

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b. leading a testing signal (U_{sa}) being formed by a predetermined direct signal with a superimposed alternating signal to a phase winding (a) of the asynchronous machine, the frequency of the alternating signal corresponding approximately to the nominal slip frequency (f_s) of the asynchronous machine (1),

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c. measuring the amplitude and the phase (ϕ) of the phase signal ($\bar{I}_{sa})$ resulting from the testing signal, and

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d. calculating the ohmic rotor resistance (R_r) from the measured values according to a) and c).

Measuring the ohmic rotor resistance in accordance with this method can be performed in a very short time, when the inductances and the ohmic stator resistance are known. Further, current displacement does not appear due to the

30 low frequency of the alternating signal.